

Management of EOS for the Newborn - Classification of Clinical Presentation (Women & Children Services) - Supporting Document

Table 1. Classification of Clinical Presentation

Clinical illness	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Persistent need for NCPAP/HFNC/mechanical ventilation (outside of the delivery room) 2. Hemodynamic instability requiring vasoactive drugs 3. Neonatal encephalopathy/perinatal depression <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seizure • Apgar Score @ 5 minutes < 5 4. Need for supplemental O₂ > 2 hours to maintain oxygen saturations > 90% (outside of the delivery room)
Equivocal presentation	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Persistent physiologic abnormality > 4 hours <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tachycardia (HR > 160) • Tachypnea (RR > 60) • Temperature instability (> 100.4°F or < 97.5°F) • Respiratory distress (grunting, flaring, or retracting) not requiring supplemental O₂ 2. Two or more physiologic abnormalities lasting for > 2 hours
Well appearing	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. No persistent physiologic abnormalities
<p>Nasal continuous positive airway pressure (NCPAP), high-flow nasal cannula (HFNC), heart rate (HR), respiratory rate (RR).</p>	